802.11n 3G Router with USB2.0 Port

User's Manual

Federal Communication Commission

Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- **Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.**
- □ Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

□ Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is needed.

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



CAUTION:

- 1. To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, a separation distance of at least 20 cm must be maintained between the antenna of this device and all persons.
- 2. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter

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Chapter 1: Introduction

The **802.11n 3G Router with USB2.0 Port** is a draft 802.11n/b/g compliant Wireless Broadband Router with 4-port Fast Ethernet Switch. **802.11n 3G Router with USB2.0 Port** with latest Draft 802.11n technology that delivers up to 150Mbps wireless, provides multi-functional capabilities, particularly the high-performance throughput and high-quality security to propose an integrated, thorough SOHO solution. The incredible speed of **802.11n 3G Router with USB2.0 Port** makes it ideal for media-centric applications like streaming video, gaming, and Voice over IP technology, ensure optimum performance and maximum coverage with an external antenna. With the 3G Router, government employees or corporate users can create a wireless network and provide colleagues with remote access to their secure private networks. By installing the 3G Router on a bus, train, or even a boat, you can allow passengers to check e-mail or chat online while commuting.

Features

- 1. Support the IEEE 802.11n/b/g standard, high speed date rate up to 300Mbps.
- 2. Support USB 2.0 storage fucntion device
- 3. Support WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) with reset button.
- 4. High security with build-in Security: WEP 64/128, WPAPSK, WPA2PSK, WPA, WPA2, 802.1x and 802.11i
- 5. Support Router, WDS (Bridge + Repeater)
- 6. Wireless Quality of Service (QoS) 802.11e,WMM
- 7. Easy configuration for home user setup.

Physical Details Front LEDs



LED Behavior				
LED	Printed	Color	Behavior	Indication
Power	Power	Green	ON	Power on

			OFF	Power off
			OFF	WLAN function off
WLAN	LAN WLAN/		ON	WLAN link / WPS function active
WPS	WPS		Blinking	WLAN traffic transmitting
		Orange	Blinking	WPS is enabled to make a connection
			ON	WAN link / active
WAN	WAN	Green	OFF	WAN function off
			Blinking	WAN traffic transmitting
	1 7		OFF	LAN function off
LAN 1~4	2 LAN 3 L	Green	ON	LAN link / active
	4 —		Blinking	LAN traffic transmitting

Rear Panel \odot \odot \odot **O** 0 ШШ WPS RESET LAN4 LAN3 LAN2 LAN1 WAN POWER

WPS	To enable the WPS function via web configuration (Wireless > WPS), then press the WPS button once on the Wireless Router, the WPS LED will start to flash. To make a connection with other WPS supported device within 3 minutes.
RESET	Keep on pressing the Reset button more than 3 seconds, the Wireless Router will set all setting back to factory default values.
LAN 1~4	Use standard LAN cables (RJ45 connectors) to connect your PCs to the port. If required, any port can be connected to another hub. Any LAN port will automatically function as an "Uplink" port when necessary.
WAN	Connect the ADSL or Cable Modem here with RJ45 cable. If your modem came with a cable, use the supplied cable, otherwise, use a standard LAN cable.
POWER	Connect the power supply adapter here.

Side Panel



Chapter 2: About Operation Modes

Please go to the **Wireless**> **WDS** to set up the WDS function (Bridge or Repeater) of the Wireless Router.

Gateway Mode

The wireless connection will be set up from a point-to-point local LAN into a point-to-multipoint WAN. This device connects all the stations (PC/notebook with wireless function) to a wireless network. All stations can have the Internet access if only the device has the Internet connection.



Bridge (WDS) Mode

The WDS (Wireless Distributed System) function lets this access point act as a wireless LAN access point and repeater at the same time. Users can use this feature to build up a large wireless network in a large space like airports, hotels and schools and so on. This feature is also useful when users want to bridge networks between buildings where it is impossible to deploy network cable connections between these buildings.

In this mode, all Ethernet ports and wireless interface are bridge together and NAT function is disabled. All the WAN related function and firewall are not supported. Wireless Distribution System uses wireless media to communicate with other APs, like the Ethernet does. To do this, you must set these APs in the same **channel** and **wireless MAC address** to each other APs that you want to communicate with.



Repeater (WDS+AP) Mode

If set to Repeater mode, a device connects to each other through an access point or a base station (gateway or router.) This device can also work like a wireless station when it's connected to a computer directly, so that the computer can send packets from wired end to wireless interface.



Chapter 3: Configuration

Hardware Connection

- 1. Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the LAN port of the Wireless Router, another end to your PC or notebook.
- 2. There are two connection methods to connect to Internet (Only one can be selected):
 - Connect Ethernet cable one end to the WAN port of the Wireless Router, the other end to the ADSL or cable modem.
 - > Or you can insert USB 3.5G card (that provide by your ISP) into USB port.
- 3. Finally, connect the Wireless Router with a power to an outlet.



Login

- 1. Start your computer and make sure the connection by an Ethernet cable between your computer and the Wireless Router.
- 2. Start your Web Browser.
- In the Address box, enter the IP address of the Wireless Router, as in this example, which uses the Wireless Router's default IP address: <u>http://192.168.1.1</u>



4. After connected successfully, the following screen will show up. Simply enter the username "admin" and password "password" to login.

	Co	nnect to 192.1	68.1.1		? 🛛	
	(A A	
	U: Pa	ser name: assword:	C admin	•• ber my pass OK	word Cancel	
Status	Interr	net Wirele	SS	Firewall	Administration	
Setup Wizard itatus		Let's take a look Internet Firmware Vers	at the status sion	Syst of system. v24.5.1	em Status 0.0.2.1 (Jun 25 2009)	
		System Up Tir Operation Mod Internet Confi	ne le gurations	Oday:1 Gatew	lh:18m:41s ray Mode	
		Connected Tyj WAN IP Addre Subnet Mask Default Gatew Internet Prima Internet Secor	pe ess ay ry DNS ndary DNS	STATI 10.0.2 255.0. 10.0.0 10.0.0 168.96	c .225 0.0 .252 .6 5.1.1	
		MAC Address Local Network	355	00:0C: 192.1F	43:41:41:56 88 1 1	
		Local Netmasl MAC Address DHCP Type DHCP Start IP DHCP End IP DHCP Lease 1	k Fime	255.25 00:0C: DHCP 192.16 192.16 86400	55.255.0 43:41:41:C7 Server ON 58.1.100 58.1.200	
		DHCP Primary DHCP Second	DNS ary DNS	192.18 0.0.0.0	68.1.1 D	

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-

If you cannot connect...

If the Wireless Router does not respond, check the following:

- The Wireless Router is properly installed, LAN connection is OK, and it is powered ON. You can test the connection by using the "Ping" command:
 - Please go to **Start>Run...>** Enter "**cmd**" command in the column to open the MS-DOS window.

Run	2 🛛	
	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.	
<u>O</u> pen:	cmd	
	OK Cancel Browse	
2		
Enter the	e command:	
Enter the ping 192. 命令提示字元	e command: 168.1.1	
Enter the ping 192. 命令提示字元 Documents	e command: 168.1.1 and Settings\a1787>ping 192.168.1.1	
Enter the ping 192. 命令提示字元 Documents ging 192.1	e command: 168.1.1 and Settings\a1787>ping 192.168.1.1 .68.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:	-
Enter the ping 192. 命令提示字元 Documents ging 192.1	e command: 168.1.1 and Settings\a1787)ping 192.168.1.1 .68.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:	<u></u>
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Enter the ping 192. 命令提示宇元 Documents ging 192.1 ly from 19 ly from 19 ly from 19 ly from 19	e command: 168.1.1 and Settings\a17872ping 192.168.1.1 68.1.1 with 32 bytes of data: 22.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64 22.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 22.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 22.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
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Enter the ping 192. A A B Jocuments ying 192.1 ly from 19 ly from 19 ly from 19 ly from 19 ly from 19 g statisti Packets: "oximate r	e command: 168.1.1 and Settings\a1787)ping 192.168.1.1 68.1.1 with 32 bytes of data: 22.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64 22.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 23.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 24.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 25.168.1.1: bytes=3	

If no response is received, either the connection is not working, or your PC's IP address is not compatible with the Wireless Router's IP Address. (See next item.)

- If your PC is using a fixed IP Address, its IP Address must be within the range 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254 to be compatible with the Wireless Router's default IP Address of 192.168.1.1. Also, the Network *Mask* must be set to 255.255.255.0. See <u>Chapter 4 PC Configuration</u> for details on checking your PC's TCP/IP settings.
- Ensure that your PC and the Wireless Router are on the same network segment. (If you don't have a router, this must be the case.)
- Ensure you are using the wired LAN interface. The Wireless interface can only be used if its configuration matches your PC's wireless settings.

Common Connection Types

The Internet connection type according to the ISP (Internet Service Provider) that you selected.

Cable Modems

Туре	Details	ISP Data required
Dynamic IP Address	Your IP Address is allocated automatically, when you connect to you ISP.	Usually, none. However, some ISP's may require you to use a particular Hostname, Domain name, or MAC (physical) address.
Static (Fixed) IP Address	Your ISP allocates a permanent IP Address to you.	IP Address allocated to you. Some ISP's may also require you to use a particular Hostname, Domain name, or MAC (physical) address.

DSL Modems

Туре	Details	ISP Data required
Dynamic IP Address	Your IP Address is allocated automatically, when you connect to you ISP.	None.
Static (Fixed) IP Address	Your ISP allocates a permanent IP Address to you.	IP Address allocated to you.
PPPoE	You connect to the ISP only when required. The IP address is usually allocated automatically.	User name and password.

Other Modems (e.g. 3.5G Wireless card)

Туре	Details	ISP Data required
Dynamic IP Address	Your IP Address is allocated automatically, when you connect to you ISP.	The ISP's may require you to use a particular Hostname, Domain name, or MAC (physical) address.

Setup Wizard

Step 1- WAN Connect Detection

This page is used to detect the WAN connection of network. User can select **Auto Detect** form the pull-down menu and click **Start Auto Detect** button, the system will detect whether there is WAN connection or not. If user wants to set up the WAN detection manually, please select **Manual** form the pull-down menu, then click **Next** to continue.





WAN Detection

Start Auto Detect

Detect Result

Next >>

Select	To use the WAN detect function, user can select Manual or Auto Detect form the pull-down menu.
WAN Detection	Select Auto Detect form the pull-down menu and click Start Auto Detect button, the detecting screen will be pop-up to detect whether there is WAN connection or not. If user wants to set up the WAN detection manually, please select Manual form the pull-down menu, then click Next to continue.
Detect Result	Here shows the WAN detection result. If there is no WAN connection, the system will show NONE or Unplugged Cable .

Step 2- WAN Access Type

Here user can set up the WAN connection type easily. Select the WAN Connection Type **Static (Fixed IP), DHCP (Auto Config), PPPoE (ADSL),** or **3G (DIAL)** and click **Next** to continue.

	WAN Connection Type	DHCP (Auto Config) 🔽
	Cancel << Back	Next >>
WAN Access Type	Static (Fixed IP)	
	WAN Connection Type	Static (Fixed IP)
	IP Address	10.10.10.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Default Gateway	10.10.10.254
	Cancel << Back	Next >>

default gataway accor	
IP Address: Enter the Subnet Mask: Enter	rding to the ISP that provided the related information. e WAN IP address provided by your ISP here. the subnet mask here.
Default Gateway: Er here.	nter the default gateway IP address provided by your ISP
DHCP (Auto Config	3)
WAN Connection	n Type DHCP (Auto Config) 🔽
Cancel <<	Back Next >>
If the DHCP(Auto Co automatically.	onfig) be selected, the PC will obtain the IP address
PPPoE (ADSL)	
WAN Connection	n Type PPPoE (ADSL) 💉
User Name	pppoe_user
Password	•••••
Cancel <<	Back Next >>
If the PPPoE (ADSL)) be selected, user have to set up the user name and
If the PPPoE (ADSL) password according to User Name: Enter the input is 32 alphanume Password: Enter the input is 32 alphanume) be selected, user have to set up the user name and o the ISP that provided the related information. e username that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case sensitive). password that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case-sensitive).
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If the PPPoE (ADSL) password according to User Name: Enter the input is 32 alphanume Password: Enter the input is 32 alphanume 3G (DIAL) WAN Connection Typ Provider Service Name Dial Number Operation Mode	be selected, user have to set up the user name and o the ISP that provided the related information. e username that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case sensitive). password that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case-sensitive). pe 3GDIAL Taiwan VIBO Telecom vibo *99# Yeep Alive Keep Alive Mode: Redial Period 60 senconds
If the PPPoE (ADSL) password according to User Name: Enter the input is 32 alphanume Password: Enter the input is 32 alphanume 3G (DIAL) WAN Connection Typ Provider Service Name Dial Number Operation Mode	be selected, user have to set up the user name and o the ISP that provided the related information. e username that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case sensitive). password that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case-sensitive). pe 3GDIAL v i Taiwan VIBO Telecom v i Vibo i 99# i Y99# keep Alive v Keep Alive Mode: Redial Period 60 senconds On demand Mode: Idle Time 5 minutes
If the PPPoE (ADSL) password according to User Name: Enter the input is 32 alphanume Password: Enter the input is 32 alphanume 3G (DIAL) WAN Connection Typ Provider Service Name Dial Number Operation Mode	 be selected, user have to set up the user name and o the ISP that provided the related information. e username that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case sensitive). password that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case-sensitive).
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If the PPPoE (ADSL) password according to User Name: Enter the input is 32 alphanume Password: Enter the input is 32 alphanume 3G (DIAL) WAN Connection Typ Provider Service Name Dial Number Operation Mode User have to insert US Provider: Select the I the pull-down list.	be selected, user have to set up the user name and o the ISP that provided the related information. e username that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case sensitive). password that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum eric characters (case-sensitive). pe 3GDIAL Taiwan VIBO Telecom wibo *99# Sep Alive Mode: Redial Period 60 senconds On demand Mode: Idle Time 5 minutes MTU value: 1452 Cancel << Back Next >> SB card therefore, the 3G(DIAL) function can be used. ISP (Telecommunications) that provide the USB card from

Dial Number : Enter the dial number that the ISP provided.		
Operation Mode : Select Keep Alive , On Demand or Manual form the pull- down list.		
• Keep Alive Mode: Enter the Redial Period seconds in the box.		
• On demand Mode: Enter the Idle Time minutes in the box.		
• MTU Value: MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit, namely the maximum packet size, the default value is 1452) for your application. Reducing the packet size can help connecting to certain web sites or speeding up packet transfer rate. If the incorrect selection is entered, you may not be able to open certain web sites.		

Step 3- LAN

This step can set up local area network of the Wireless Router, such as IP address, subnet mask, DHCP type, DHCP IP addresses range, DHCP subnet mask and DHCP lease time.

IP Address	192.168.1.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP Type	Server 🖌	
Start IP Address	192.168.1.100	
End IP Address	192.168.1.200	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Primary DNS Server	192.168.1.1	
Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.1.1	
Lease Time	86400	seconds
Cancel << Back Ne	ext >>	1

IP Address	Shows the IP address of the Wireless Router (Default IP address is 192.168.1.1.)	
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the Wireless Router (Default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.)	
DHCP Туре	Disable : Select to disable this Wireless Router to distribute IP addresses to connected clients.	
	Server : Select to enable this Wireless Router to distribute IP Addresses (DHCP Server) to connected clients. And the following field will be activated for you to enter the starting IP Address.	
Start IP Address	The starting address of this local IP network address pool. The pool is a piece of continuous IP address segment. Keep the default value	

	192.168.1.100 should work for most cases.	
End IP Address	The end IP address, the maximum is 254. If " Start IP Address " is set at 192.168.1.100 and the " End IP address " is 192.168.1.200, the device will distribute IP addresses from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 to all the computers in the network that request IP addresses from DHCP server (Router).	
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the distribute IP addresses clients, the subnet mask must be set at the same segment as the Wireless Router.	
Primary DNS Server Secondary DNS Server	The DNS should be set to the address provided by your ISP.	
Default Gateway	Enter the default gateway IP address provided by your ISP in this column.	
Lease Time	The lease time of the distribute IP Addresses. Default settings are 86400 seconds.	

Step 4- Network Mode

This step can set up wireless network mode, network name and channel.

Network Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode ⊻
Network Name(SSID)	3G_Router
Frequency (Channel)	AutoSelect 💌
Cancel << Back	Next >>

Network Mode	Select 11b/g mixed mode, 11b only, 11g only, or 11b/g/n mixed mod from the pull-down menu. (Default is 11b/g/n mixed mode.)	
Network Name (SSID)	A SSID is referred to a network name because essentially it is a name (case-sensitive) that identifies a wireless network.	
Frequency (Channel)	Select 1~11 or Auto Select from the pull-down menu.	

Step 5- Security

Here can set up the wireless security of the Wireless Router.

Security Mode		Disable	*
Cancel	< Back	Finished	

Select desired security type from the pull-down menu **Disable**, **Open System**, **Shared Key**, **AUTO(Open/Shared)**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, and **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK**. The default setting is Disable. It is strongly recommended to set up security mode (Open, Shared, AUTO(Open/Shared), WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK) to prevent any unauthorized accessing.

Security Mode	Open Sys	stem 💌	
Default Key	Кеу2 💌		
WEP Key 1			Hex 🔽
WEP Key 2			Hex 💌
WEP Key 3			Hex 💌
WEP Key 4			Hex 💌
		Cancel <<	Back Finished
 using wEP end There are seven Hexadecin Hexadecin ASCII (W ASCII (W 	cryption algorithm. The k ral formats to enter the ke mal (WEP 64 bits): 10 H mal (WEP 128 bits): 26 VEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII ch VEP 128 bits): 13 ASCII	ey must match w eys. Hex characters (0 Hex characters (aracters (case-se characters (case-	~9, a~f). ~9, a~f). 0~9, a~f). nsitive). -sensitive).
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 WEP end There are seven Hexadecin Hexadecin ASCII (W ASCII (W WPA-PSK/ W Security M WPA Algor 	cryption algorithm. The k ral formats to enter the ke mal (WEP 64 bits): 10 H mal (WEP 128 bits): 26 VEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII ch VEP 128 bits): 13 ASCII VPA2-PSK/ WPA-PSK/V ode ithms	ey must match w eys. Hex characters (0 Hex characters (aracters (case-se characters (case- wPA2-PSK WPA-PSKWP	 Arth the AP's key. Arth the AP's key.
 Using WEP end There are seven Hexadecii Hexadecii ASCII (W ASCII (W WPA-PSK/ W Security M WPA Algor Pass Phrase 	cryption algorithm. The k ral formats to enter the ke mal (WEP 64 bits): 10 H mal (WEP 128 bits): 26 WEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII ch WEP 128 bits): 13 ASCII WPA2-PSK/ WPA-PSK/V ode ithms	ey must match w eys. Hex characters (0 Hex characters (f aracters (case-se characters (case- wPA2-PSK WPA-PSKWP TKIP ③ AES 345678	 Arth the AP's key. ~9, a~f). 0~9, a~f). nsitive). -sensitive). PA2-PSK ▼ Control TKIP/AES
 Using WEP end There are seven Hexadecin Hexadecin ASCII (W ASCII (W WPA-PSK/W Security M WPA Algor Pass Phrase 	cryption algorithm. The k ral formats to enter the ke mal (WEP 64 bits): 10 H mal (WEP 128 bits): 26 VEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII ch VEP 128 bits): 13 ASCII VPA2-PSK/ WPA-PSK/V ode ithms se 12 << Back Finish	ey must match w eys. Hex characters (0 Hex characters ((haracters (case-se characters (case- wPA2-PSK WPA-PSKWF TKIP • AES 345678	 ~9, a~f). 0~9, a~f). nsitive). -sensitive). PA2-PSK ▼ C TKIP/AES

LAN Interface Setup

Local Area Network (LAN) Settings

You may enable/disable networking functions and configure their parameters as your wish.

IP Address	192.168.1.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
MAC Address	00:0C:43:41:41:C7	
DHCP Туре	Server 💌	
Start IP Address	192.168.1.100	
End IP Address	192.168.1.200	
DHCP Primary DNS	192.168.1.1	
DHCP Secondary DNS	0.0.0.0	
Lease Time(sec)	86400	
Statically Assigned	MAC: 00:00:00:00:00:00	
Statically Assigned	MAC: 00:00:00:00:00:00 IP: 0.0.0.0	
Statically Assigned	MAC: 00:00:00:00:00:00 IP: 0.0.0.0	
UPNP	Enable 🖌	
PPPoE Relay	Disable 💌	
DNS Proxy	Enable 💌	

Apply Cancel

IP Address	Shows the IP address of the Wireless Router (Default IP address is 192.168.1.1)
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the Wireless Router (Default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.)
MAC Address	Shows the MAC address of this Wireless Router.
DHCP Туре	Disable : Select to disable this Wireless Router to distribute IP addresses to connected clients.

	Server : Select to enable this Wireless Router to distribute IP Addresses (DHCP Server) to connected clients. And the following field will be activated for you to enter the starting IP Address.	
Start IP Address	The starting address of this local IP network address pool. The pool is a piece of continuous IP address segment. Keep the default value 192.168.1.100 should work for most cases.	
End IP address	The end IP address, the maximum is 254. If " Start IP Address " is set at 192.168.1.100 and the " End IP address " is 192.168.1.200, the device will distribute IP addresses from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 to all the computers in the network that request IP addresses from DHCP server (Router).	
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the distribute IP addresses clients, the subnet mask must be set at the same segment as the Wireless Router.	
DHCP Primary DNS Server	You can specify your own preferred DNS server IP address(es).	
DHCP Secondary DNS Server	Secondary DNS Server is optional. You can enter another DNS server's IP address as a backup.	
Default Gateway	Shows the default gateway IP address.	
Lease Time	The lease time of the distribute IP Addresses. Default settings are 86400 seconds.	
Statically Assigned	 MAC: Enter the MAC address of a certain station, and then the DHCP Server will to distribute a fixed IP address to the station automatically once be connected. IP: Enter the fixed IP address that DHCP Server assigned to a certain connected station. User can set up 3 set of fixed IP addresses that distribute form the Wireless Router when the DHCP Type function be selected to Server. 	
UPNP	Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) is a set of computer protocols promulgated by the UPnP Forum. The goals of UPnP are to allow devices to connect seamlessly and to simplify the implementation of networks in the home (data sharing, communications, and entertainment) and in corporate environments for simplified installation of computer components. UPnP achieves this by defining and publishing UPnP device control protocols built upon open, Internet-based communication standards. The term UPnP is derived from plug-and-play, a technology for dynamically attaching devices directly to a computer. Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu.	
PPPoE Relay	Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu.	
DNS Proxy	Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu.	
Apply	After completing the settings on this page, click Apply button to save the settings.	
Cancel	Click Cancel to restore to default values.	

Internet Service Setup

Wide Area Network (WAN) Settings

You may choose different connection type suitable for your environment. Besides, you may also configure parameters according to the selected connection type.

	WAN Connection Type DHCF	P (Auto Config) 🗸		
DHCP Mode	That connection Type	22		
Hostname(ontio	nal)			
MAC Address Cl	000			
MAC Address C	Jana Disable V			
MAC Address C				
	Apply	Cancel		
WAN Connection Type	Select the WAN Connection Type PPPoE(ADSL) , or 3G (DIAL) . D enabled.	Static (Fixed IP), DHCP (Auto Config), efault setting is DHCP (Auto Config)		
	DHCP (Auto Config)			
	WAN Connection	Type DHCP (Auto Config) 💌		
	DHCP Mode Hostname(ontional)			
	If the DHCP(Auto Config) be selected, the PC will obtain the IP address automatically. Hostname(optional): Enter the hostname that assigned IP address to user's computer in this field. Maximum input is 32 alphanumeric characters (case sensitive).			
	Stauc (Fixed IF)			
	WAN Connection Static Mode	n Type Static (Fixed IP)		
	IP Address	10.0.2.225		
	Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0		
	Default Gateway	10.0.252		
	Internet Primary DNS	10.0.0.6		
	Internet Secondary DNS	168.95.1.1		
	 If the Static (fixed IP) be selected, mask and default gateway accordin information. IP Address: Enter the WAN IP ad Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet ma Default Gateway: Enter the defau 	user have to set up the IP address, subnet ng to the ISP that provided the related dress provided by your ISP here. ask here. It gateway IP address provided by your ISP		

here.

Primary DNS Server: Enter the DNS server IP address(es) that provided by your ISP, or you can specify your own preferred DNS server IP address(es). **Secondary DNS Server**: Secondary DNS Server is optional. You can enter another DNS server's IP address as a backup.

PPPoE (ADSL)

WA	N Connection Type	PPPoE (ADSL)	~
PPPoE Mode			
User Name	pppoe_user		
Password	•••••		
Verify Password	•••••		
MTU Value	1454		
Auth Mode	PAP 👻		

If the PPPoE (ADSL) be selected, user have to set up the user name and password according to the ISP that provided the related information. **User Name:** Enter the username that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum input is 32 alphanumeric characters (case sensitive). **Password:** Enter the password that provide by your ISP provider. Maximum input is 32 alphanumeric characters (case-sensitive).

Verify Password: Enter the password again to confirm.

MTU Value: MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit, namely the maximum packet size, the default value is 1452) for your application. Reducing the packet size can help connecting to certain web sites or speeding up packet transfer rate. If the incorrect selection is entered, you may not be able to open certain web sites.

Auth Mode: Select the authentication mode form the pull-down list.

Provider	Taiwan VIBO Telecom 🛛 🛃
Service Name	vibo
Dial Number	*99#
Pin Code	0000
Authentication	
User Name	
Password	
Auth Mode	PAP
Operation Mode	Keep Alive 👻
	Keep Alive Mode: Redial Period 60 seconds
	On demand Mode: Idle Time 5 minutes
	MTU Value 1452

	Service Name: Enter the service	ce name that ISP provided.
	Dial Number: Enter the dial nu	umber that ISP provided.
	Pin code: Enter the SIM card F	Pin code that ISP provided.
	Authentication: Check the box	to enable to authentication function.
	• User Name: Enter the us	er name that provide by your ISP.
	• Password : Enter the pass	sword that provide by your ISP.
	• Auth Mode: Select the a	uthentication mode form the pull-down list.
	Operation Mode : Select Keep down list.	Alive, On Demand or Manual form the pull-
	• Keep Alive Mode: Ent	er the Redial Period seconds in the box.
	• On demand Mode: Ent	ter the Idle Time minutes in the box.
	 MTU Value: MTU (M maximum packet size, Reducing the packet si speeding up packet tra you may not be able to 	Maximum Transmission Unit, namely the the default value is 1452) for your application. ize can help connecting to certain web sites or nsfer rate. If the incorrect selection is entered, open certain web sites.
MAC Clone	Your ISP may require a particulate the Internet. This MAC address originally connected your Internet MAC to replace the WAN MAD Default setting is Disable. User and click Fill my MAC button field.	lar MAC address in order for you to connect to ss is the PC's MAC address that your ISP had ernet connection to. Type in or click Fill my C address with the MAC address of that PC. can select Enable form the pull-down list, to fill in your PC's MAC address in the blank
	MAC Address Clone	
	MAC Address Clone	
	MAC Address	00:0C:6E:B3:AE:21 Fill My MAC
Apply	After completing the settings settings.	on this page, click Apply button to save the
Cancel	Click Cancel to restore to defa	ult values.

DHCP Clients

Here shows the IP assigned clients that computer in the network requests IP addresses from DHCP server (Wireless Router).

DHCP Client List

You could monitor DHCP clients here.

DHCP Clients		
MAC Address	IP Address	Expires In
00:00:00:00:00	192.168.1.100	00:59:41
00:12:0E:9A:A1:D9	192.168.1.101	23:59:44

Advanced Routing

If you connect several routers with this Wireless Router, you may need to set up a predefined routing rule to have more effective network topology/traffic, this is called static route between those routers and the Wireless Router.

To set static routers, enter the settings including route IP address, route mask route gateway the route Interface from LAN or WAN.

	Alam .		1000	
Statio	DAIN	100 01 5		DAGE
Statte	Roui		5 E I I	1143
		And a stand of the stand of the		

You may add and remote custom Internet routing rules, and/or enable dynamic routing exchange protocol here.

Destination		
Range	Host 💌	
Gateway		
Interface	LAN	
Comment		

	Current Routi	ing Table In The	System						
No.	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Flags	Metric	Ref	Use	Interface	Comment
1	255.255.255.255	255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	5	0	0	0	LAN(br0)	
2	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	1	0	0	0	LAN(br0)	
3	239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1	0	0	0	LAN(br0)	
4	10.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1	0	O	O	WAN (eth2.2)	
5	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	10.0.0.252	3	0	O	O	WAN (eth2.2)	

Delete Selected

Destination	The network address of the destination LAN segment. When a packet with destination IP address that matches to this field, it will route to the device set in the Route Gateway field.
Range	Select Host or Net from the pull-down menu.
Gateway	Enter the Gateway IP address in the field.
Interface	You can select to use LAN, WAN or Custom as the physical interface from where the packets will be sent.
Comment	Enter note or remark here.
Dynamic Routing Settings	Select Disable or Enable form pull-dowm list to use the RIP function.
Apply	After completing the settings on this page, click Apply button to save the settings.
Reset	Click to discard current setting.

VPN Pass Through

VPN passthrough configurations including: L2TP, IPSec, and PPTP passthrough.

VPN Passthrough

VPN passthrought configurations including: L2TP, IPSec, and PPTP passthrough.

L2TP Passthrough	Disable 😽
IPSec Passthrough	Disable 💌
PPTP Passthrough	Disable 🗸

L2TP Passthrough	L2TP, Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP). Use the L2TP with VPN that user can access the personal network via Internet. Select Enabled or Disabled from the pull-down menu.
IPSec Passthrough	IPSec, Internet Protocol Security. Select Enabled or Disabled from the pull-down menu.
PPTP Passthrough	PPTP, Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol. Select Enabled or Disabled from the pull-down menu.

Wireless

Basic

Basic Wireless Settings

You could configure the minimum number of Wireless settings for communication, such as Network Name (SSID) and Channel. The Access Point can be set simply with only the minimum setting items.

Radio On/Off	RADIO OFF
Network Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode 💌
Network Name(SSID)	Cherry
Multiple SSID1	
Multiple SSID2	
Multiple SSID3	
Broadcast Network Name (SSID)	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
AP Isolation	O Enable 💿 Disable
MBSSID AP Isolation	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable
BSSID	00:0C:43:41:88:44
Frequency (Channel)	AutoSelect
HT Physical Mode	
Channel BandWidth	○20
Guard Interval	O Long Auto
MCS	Auto 😒
Decline BA Request	Oisable ○ Enable

Radio On/Off	Click Radio ON/OFF button to turn on or off the radio function.
Network Mode	Select 11b/g mixed, 11b only, 11g only, or 11b/g/n mixed mode from the pull-down menu. (Default is 11b/g/n mixed mode.)
Network Name (SSID)	A SSID is referred to a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network (case-sensitive).

Multiple SSID 1~3	A multiple SSID is referred to a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.	
Broadcast Network Name(SSID)	Enable: This wireless AP will broadcast its SSID to stations.Disable: This wireless AP will not broadcast its SSID to stations. If stations want to connect to this wireless AP, this AP's SSID should be known in advance to make a connection.	
AP Isolation	Select Enable or Disable to enable this function.	
MBSSID AP Isolation	Select Enable or Disable to enable this function.	
BSSID	Shows the MAC address of the Wireless Router.	
Frequency (Channel)	Select 1~11 or Auto Select from the pull-down menu.	
HT Physical Mode		
Channel Band Width	Select 20 or 20/40. (Default setting is 20/40.)	
Guard Interval	Select Long or Auto. (Default setting is Auto.)	
MCS	Select form the pull-down menu 0~7 or Auto. (Default setting is Auto.)	
Decline BA Request	Select Disable or Enable. (Default setting is Disable.)	

Security

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings

Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Select SSID	
SSID Choice	Cherry
"Cherry"	
Security Mode	Disable
Access Policy	
Policy	Disable 💌
Add a station Mac (T count is 8)	ie maximum rule

Cancel

Apply

Wireless Secur	ity/Encryption Settings
SSID Choice	Select SSID to set up the security form the pull-down list.
Security Mode	There are eleven type of authentication modes including Disable , Open System , Shared Key , AUTO(Open/Shared) , WPA , WPA-PSK , WPA2 , WPA2-PSK , WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK , WPA1/WPA2 and 802.1X . The security default setting is Disable.
	 Note: > WPA and WPA-PSK only support TKIP and AES as encryption method. > Shared Key only supports WEP as encryption method. > AUTO(Open/Shared) means AP can accept STA connect to it using OPEN-WEP or SHARED-WEP.
	Open System/AUTO(Open/Shared)
	If your wireless router is using Open System or AUTO(Open/Shared) authentication, then the wireless adapter will need to be set to the same authentication type.

Security Mode	AUTO(Open/Shared) 💌	
Wire Equivalence Pr	rotection (WEP)	
Default Key	Key 1 💌	
WEP Key should be a 10	D/26 hexadecimal or a 5/13 character.	
WEP Key 1		Hex 💌
WEP Key 2		Hex 💌
		Llow
WEP Key 3		Hex Y

Default Key: Select the default key.

WEP Key 1~4: Enter the key in the selected key field. Only valid when using WEP encryption algorithm. The key must match with the AP's key. There are several formats to enter the keys.

- Hexadecimal (WEP 64 bits): 10 Hex characters (0~9, a~f).
- Hexadecimal (WEP 128 bits): 26 Hex characters (0~9, a~f).
- ASCII (WEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII characters (case-sensitive).
- ASCII (WEP 128 bits): 13 ASCII characters (case-sensitive).

Shared Key

Shared key is when both the sender and the recipient share a secret key.

"Cherry"		
Security Mode	Shared key 💉	
Encrypt Type	WEP 💌	
Wire Equivalence P	rotection (WEP)	
Default Key	Key 1 💌	
WEP Key should be a 1	0/26 hexadecimal or a 5/13 characte	er.
WEP Key 1		Hex 💌
WEP Key 2		Hex 💌
WEP Key 3		Hex 💌
WEP Key 4		Hex 😽
Encryption Type: Th Default Key: Select th WEP Key 1~4: Enter WEP encryption algor several formats to enter	e encryption type is WEP. ne default key 1~4. the key in the selected key field ithm. The key must match with er the keys.	d. Only valid when using a the AP's key. There are
• Hexadecimal (W	EP 64 bits): 10 Hex characters	s (0~9, a~f).
Hexadecimal (W	EP 128 bits): 26 Hex character	rs (0~9, a~f).
 ASCII (WEP 64 ASCII (WED 12) 	bits): 5 ASCII characters (case 8 bits): 13 ASCII characters (case	e-sensitive).
- ASCH (WEP 12)	5 Dits). 15 ASCII characters (C	ase-sellsluve).

3G_Router	
Security Mode	WPA1WPA2
WPA	
WPA Algorithms	OTKIP OAES OTKIPAES
Key Renewal Interval	3600 seconds
IP Address	
Port	1812
Shared Secret	
Shared Secret Session Timeout	0

Key Renewal Interval: Enter the renewal security time (seconds) in the column. Default is 3600 seconds. Set 0 to disable re-key.

RADIUS Server: RADIUS is an authentication, authorization and accounting client-server protocol. The client is a Network Access Server that desires to authenticate its links. The server is a server that has access to a user database with authentication information.

IP Address: Enter the RADIUS Server's IP Address provided by your ISP.

Port: Enter the RADIUS Server's port number provided by your ISP. (The default is **1812**.)

Shared Secret: Enter the password that the Wireless Router shares with the RADIUS Server.

Session Timeout: Session timeout interval is for 802.1x re-authentication setting. Set to zero to disable 802.1x re-authentication service for each session. Session timeout interval unit is second and must be larger than 60.

Idle Timeout: Enter the idle timeout in the column.

- * **PMK Cache Period:** <u>Only valid in WPA2 security</u>. Set WPA2 PMKID cache timeout period, after time out, the cached key will be deleted. PMK Cache Period unit is minute.
- * **Pre-Authentication**: <u>Only valid in WPA2 security</u>. The most important features beyond WPA to become standardized through 802.11i/WPA2 are: pre-authentication, which enables secure fast roaming without noticeable signal latency.

Security Mode	WPA-PSKWPA2-PSK 🔽
WPA	
WPA Algorithms	OTKIP OAES OTKIP/AES
Pass Phrase shoul	d be 64 hexadecimal or 8-63 ASCII character.
Pass Phrase	1234567890
Key Renewal Int	erval 3600 seconds
column. Default is 36 802.1x ''3G_Router''	00 seconds. Set 0 to disable re-key.
Security Mode	802.1X
802.1x WEP	
WEP	ODisable OEnable
Radius Server	
Radius Server IP Address	
Radius Server IP Address Port	1812
Radius Server IP Address Port Shared Secret	1812
Radius Server IP Address Port Shared Secret Session Timeout	 1812
Radius Server IP Address Port Shared Secret Session Timeout Idle Timeout	
Radius Server IP Address Port Shared Secret Session Timeout Idle Timeout WEP: Select Disable	1812 D or Enable to this function.
Radius Server IP Address Port Shared Secret Session Timeout Idle Timeout WEP: Select Disable RADIUS Server: RA accounting client-serv desires to authenticated database with authent IP Address: Enter the Port: Enter the RADI default is 1812.) Shared Secret: Enter RADIUS Server	1812 1812 0
Radius Server IP Address Port Shared Secret Session Timeout Idle Timeout WEP: Select Disable RADIUS Server: RA accounting client-serv desires to authenticated database with authent IP Address: Enter the Port: Enter the RADI default is 1812.) Shared Secret: Enter RADIUS Server. Session Timeout: Session timeout session Session timeout	1812 1812 0 10 11 12 13 14 14 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 17 18 17 </td

Access Policy	
Policy	Set access control policy of the stations. Select Disable, Allow or Reject form the pull-down menu.
Add a station Mac	Enter a station MAC in the blank field. The maximum rule count is 8.

WDS

Making a connection between access points by using WDS function, please follow below steps.

- The APs must support WDS function. (To set WDS must use the same wireless product (the same model will be better); due to different wireless products might support different WDS settings. Thus, it is suggested to use the same wireless products that support WDS function.)
- 2. To set the same **SSID** on the APs.
- 3. To set the same **channel** on the APs.
- 4. To set the same Wireless MAC address(BSSID) on the APs.
- 5. To set same **security** (WEP or WPA) on the APs.

Wireless Distribution System

Wireless Distribution System Settings.

Wireless Distribu	tion System(WDS)
WDS Mode		Disable 👻
	Apply	Cancel

Wireless Distribu	ition System (WDS)
	Select the mode from the pull-down menu, Disable, Bridge Mode or Repeater Mode . (Default WDS mode is Disable.)
WDS Mode	If the users would like to set up the WDS function, please go to Wireless > Basic to set up APs that should use the same SSID (case-sensitive) and Channel , then go back to Wireless > WDS to enter Wireless MAC address(BSSID) of each other to make the WDS connection. Step 1 : Setup the same SSID and Channel on wireless APs.

Wireless Network	
Radio On/Off	RADIO OFF
Network Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode 👻
Network Name(SSID)	Cherry
Multiple SSID1	
Multiple SSID2	
Multiple SSID3	
Broadcast Network Name (SSID)	⊙Enable ○Disable
AP Isolation	🔘 Enable 💿 Disable
MBSSID AP Isolation	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable
BSSID	00:0C:43:41:88:44
Frequency (Channel)	2422MHz (Channel 3) 🛛 👻

<u>Step 2</u>: Enter Wireless MAC address(BSSID) to each other.

Radio On/Off	RADIO OFF
Network Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode ⊻
letwork Name(SSID)	Cherry
Multiple SSID1	
Multiple SSID2	
Multiple SSID3	
Broadcast Network Name (SSID)	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
AP Isolation	◯ Enable ⊙ Disable
MBSSID AP Isolation	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable
BSSID	00:0C:43:41:88:44
Frequency (Channel)	2422MHz (Channel 3) 💌

WDS Mode	Bridge Mode 💊
Phy Mode	ССК
AP1 EncrypType	NONE
Encryp Key	
AP2 EncrypType	NONE V
Encryp Key	
AP3 EncrypType	
Encryn Key	
Encryn Key	
PI MAC Address	
APT MAC Address	00.12.0E.AF.13.E
AP2 MAC Address	
AP3 MAC Address	
AP4 MAC Address	
P1~AP4 Encrypt Type: U Vireless Router Wireless so nder Open System, Shared	Jsers should go to the ma ettings > Security page t I Key, AUTO(Open/Sha WDA DSK/ WDA2 DSK
AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: U Vireless Router Wireless so nder Open System, Shared PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, elect NONE, WEP, TKIP menu. (Default encryption ty	Jsers should go to the ma ettings > Security page t I Key, AUTO(Open/Sha WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK and AES encryption typ ppe is NONE.)
AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: U Vireless Router Wireless so nder Open System, Shared PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, Belect NONE, WEP, TKIP nenu. (Default encryption ty Cncrypt Key: Enter the corr belect the type of Open Syst uthentication, for WEP enc Hexadecimal (WEP 64 Hexadecimal (WEP 12 ASCII (WEP 64 bits): ASCII (WEP 128 bits) Belect the type WPA, WPA2 Fusers select TKIP or AES Encryption Key column that	Jsers should go to the ma ettings > Security page to I Key, AUTO(Open/Sha WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK and AES encryption typ ype is NONE.) responding encryption ke tem, Shared Key, AUTO ryption. bits): 10 Hex characters (a bits): 26 Hex characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case authentication, for TKIF encryption, please enter to must be filled with characters
AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: U Vireless Router Wireless so nder Open System, Shared PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, elect NONE, WEP, TKIP menu. (Default encryption ty Chcrypt Key: Enter the corr belect the type of Open Syst uthentication, for WEP enc Hexadecimal (WEP 64 Hexadecimal (WEP 64 Hexadecimal (WEP 12 ASCII (WEP 64 bits): ASCII (WEP 64 bits): ASCII (WEP 128 bits) elect the type WPA, WPA2 WPA2-PSK, WPA/WPA2 as f users select TKIP or AES Encryption Key column that tess than 64 lengths to set up AP1~AP4 MAC Address: 1 WDS connection.	Jsers should go to the ma ettings > Security page to a Key, AUTO(Open/Sha WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK and AES encryption typ ype is NONE.) responding encryption ke tem, Shared Key, AUTO ryption. bits): 10 Hex characters (ase 5 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : HARCH Characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 14 ASCII characters (case : 15 ASCII characters (case : 16 ASCII characters (case : 17 ASCII characters (case : 18 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 10 ASCII characters (case : 11 ASCII characters (case : 12 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 14 ASCII characters (case : 15 ASCII characters (case : 16 ASCII characters (case : 17 ASCII characters (case : 18 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII characters (case : 10 ASCII characters (case : 10 ASCII characters (case : 10 ASCII characters (case : 10 ASCII characters (case : 11 ASCII characters (case : 12 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 14 ASCII characters (case : 15 ASCII characters (case : 16 ASCII characters (case : 17 ASCII characters (case : 18 ASCII characters (case : 18 ASCII characters (case : 19 ASCII charac
1~AP4 Encrypt Type: Ureless Router Wireless Solutions Revealed to the	Jsers should go to the ma ettings > Security page for a Key, AUTO(Open/Sha WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSF and AES encryption type pre is NONE.) responding encryption ket tem, Shared Key, AUTO ryption. bits): 10 Hex characters (a bits): 26 Hex characters (bits): 26 Hex characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : 13 ASCII characters (case : nuthentication, for TKII encryption, please enter must be filled with charac- the security. Enter Wireless MAC of

WDS Mode	Repeater Mode 💌
Phy Mode	ССК
AP1 EncrypType	NONE 🗸
Encryp Key	
AP2 EncrypType	NONE 🗸
Encryp Key	
AP3 EncrypType	NONE
Encryp Key	
AP4 EncrypType	NONE 💌
Encryp Key	
AP1 MAC Address	00:12:0E:AF:13:E8
AP2 MAC Address	
AP3 MAC Address	
Phy Mode: Select CCK, OF down menu. Each AP should AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: Us Wireless Router Wireless set	DM, HTMIX or GREENFIELD from the setup to the same Phy mode. Set the set of the same Phy mode of the set of th
Phy Mode: Select CCK, OF down menu. Each AP should AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: Us Wireless Router Wireless set under Open, Shared, WEP A WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK, WI Select NONE, WEP, TKIP a	DM, HTMIX or GREENFIELD from be setup to the same Phy mode. ers should go to the main web page of tings > Security page to set up securit auto, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA PA/WPA2. nd AES encryption type from pull-do
Phy Mode: Select CCK, OFI down menu. Each AP should AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: Us Wireless Router Wireless set under Open, Shared, WEP A WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK, WI Select NONE, WEP, TKIP a menu. (Default encryption typ	DM, HTMIX or GREENFIELD from be setup to the same Phy mode. ters should go to the main web page of ttings > Security page to set up security auto, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA PA/WPA2. nd AES encryption type from pull-do be is NONE.)
 Phy Mode: Select CCK, OFI down menu. Each AP should AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: Us Wireless Router Wireless set under Open, Shared, WEP A WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK, WI Select NONE, WEP, TKIP a menu. (Default encryption type Encrypt Key: Enter the corree Select the type of Open, Share encryption. Hexadecimal (WEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII (WEP 128 bits): 5 	DM, HTMIX or GREENFIELD from be setup to the same Phy mode. sers should go to the main web page of tings > Security page to set up securit Auto, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA PA/WPA2 . nd AES encryption type from pull-do- be is NONE.) sponding encryption keys in the field. red, WEP Auto authentication, for WI bits): 10 Hex characters (0~9, a~f). bits): 26 Hex characters (0~9, a~f). ASCII characters (case-sensitive). 13 ASCII characters (case-sensitive).
 Phy Mode: Select CCK, OFI down menu. Each AP should AP1~AP4 Encrypt Type: Us Wireless Router Wireless set under Open, Shared, WEP A WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK, WI Select NONE, WEP, TKIP a menu. (Default encryption typ Encrypt Key: Enter the corree Select the type of Open, Share encryption. Hexadecimal (WEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII (WEP 64 bits): 5 ASCII (WEP 128 bits): Select the type WPA, WPA-I WPA2-PSK, WPA/WPA2 at If users select TKIP or AES e Encryption Key column that r less than 64 lengths to set up to the select of the set of the	 DM, HTMIX or GREENFIELD from the setup to the same Phy mode. Sers should go to the main web page of things > Security page to set up security auto, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA PA/WPA2. Ind AES encryption type from pull-down is NONE.) sponding encryption keys in the field. Sed, WEP Auto authentication, for WE bits): 10 Hex characters (0~9, a~f). Bits): 26 Hex characters (0~9, a~f). ASCII characters (case-sensitive). 13 ASCII characters (case-sensitive). SK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK authentication, for TKIP or AES encryption, please enter the password in nust be filled with characters longer that he security.

WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

You could setup security easily by choosing PIN or PBC method to do Wi-Fi Protected Setup.

WPS Config	
WPS	Enable 💌
Apply	

WPS Summary		
WPS Current Status:	Idle	
WPS Configured:	Yes	
WPS SSID	Cherry	
WPS Auth Mode	Open	
WPS Encryp Type	None	
WPS Default Key Index	1	
WPS Key(ASCII)		
AP PIN	42947240	
Reset OOB		
WPS Progress		
WPS mode	● PIN ○ PBC	
PIN Number		
Apply		

WPS Status	
WSC:Idle	
<	8

WPS Config	
WPS	Select Enable then click Apply to use WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) function, then push physical WPS button on Wireless Router to make a WPS connection. Default setting is Disable .
WPS Summary	
WPS Current Status	After enabling the WPS function, if there is connection the status will show Configured, otherwise, the status will show Idle. WPS Summary WPS Current Status: Configured WPS Configured: Yes WPS SSID Cherry WPS Auth Mode Open WPS Default Key Index 1 WPS Key(ASCII) AP PIN 42947240
WPS Configured	Trigger WPS AP to do simple config with WPS Client. If WPS configured, here shows Yes, otherwise, NO.
WPS SSID	Shows the Wireless Router network name.
WPS Auth Mode	The WPS authentication type supports Open , Shared , WEP Auto , WPA-PSK , WPA2 , WPA2 -PSK, WPA-PSK / WPA2 -PSK. Please go to the configuration page Wireless Settings > Security to set up the WPS security.
WPS Encryp Type	For Open authentication mode, the selection of encryption type are NONE and WEP . For WPA-PSK , WPA2-PSK and WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK authentication mode, the encryption type supports TKIP , AES and TKIP / AES .
WPS Default Key Index	Shows the WEP default key (1~4).
WPS Key(ASCII)	Shows the WPS security keys (ASCII). The key can be used to ensure the security of the wireless network.
AP PIN	Here shows the AP's PIN code (Personal Identification Number) that the enrollee should enter the registrar's PIN code to make a connection.
Reset OOB	Reset WPS AP to the OOB (out-of-box) configuration.
WPS Process	
WPS mode	PIN: Personal Identification Number. Select PIN then click Apply to make a WPS connection.PBC: Push Button Communication. Select PBC then click Apply to make a WPS connection.
PIN Number	Personal Identification Number. Input Enrollee's Pin Code to AP-Registrar.
WPS Status	Here shows the current status of the WPS. If there is connection the status shows WSC Success, otherwise, the status shows Idle. WPS Status WSC Success

Station List

Here shows the station information that connected with the Wireless Router.

Station List

You could monitor stations which associated to this AP here.

Wireless Network							
MAC Address	Aid	PSM	MimoPS	MCS	BW	SGI	STBC
00:12:0E:AF:13:E9	1	0	3	7	40M	1	1
00:12:0E:9A:A1:D9	2	0	3	14	40M	0	0

Firewall

DMZ Settings

DMZ Settings

You may setup a De-militarized Zone(DMZ) to separate internal network and Internet.

Disable 🚩	lettings
	^o Address
	^o Address

DMZ Settings	
DMZ Settings	If the DMZ Host Function is enabled, it means that you set up DMZ host at a particular computer to be exposed to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially Internet / online game can have two-way connections. Select Enable or Disable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is Disable.
DMZ IP Address	Enter the IP address of a particular host in your LAN that will access the local host from WAN side.
Apply	Click to save and apply the current settings.
Reset	Press to discard current settings.

System Firewall Settings

System Firewall Settings

You may configure the system firewall to protect AP/Router itself from attacking.

Remote management	
Remote management (via	a WAN) Deny 😽
Ping form WAN Filter	
Ping form WAN Filter	Disable 💌
Stateful Packet Inspectio	on (SPI)
SPI Firewall	Disable 🔽
	Apply Reset
Remote management	
Remote management (via WAN)	Select Deny or Allow form the pull-down list to enable or disable the remote client to control the Wireless Router via WAN. Default setting is Deny.
Ping form WAN Filter	
Ping form WAN Filter	Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down list. Default setting is Disable.
Stateful Packet Inspection	(SPI)
SPI Firewall	 Stateful packet inspection (SPI) is a firewall that keeps track of the state of network connections (such as TCP streams, UDP communication) traveling across it. The firewall is programmed to distinguish legitimate packets for different types of connections. Only packets matching a known connection state will be allowed by the firewall; others will be rejected. Select Disable or Enable the SPI firewall function from the pull-down list. Default setting is Disable

URL Filtering Settings

URL Filter Settings

You can setup Webs URL Filter to restrict the improper content access.

Basic Settings	
Webs URL Filtering	Disable 🛩
	Apply
Add a URL filter	
URL	
	(The maximum rule count is 32)
	Add Reset
Current Webs URL	Filters
URL	Number
	Delete Selected Delete All Reset
URL CONTROL OF CONTROL	Number Delete Selected Delete All
URL Basic Settings Webs URL Filtering	Number Delete Selected Delete All Reset Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is
URL Basic Settings Webs URL Filtering	Number Delete Selected Delete All Reset Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is Disable.
URL Basic Settings Webs URL Filtering Add a URL filter	Number Delete Selected Delete All Reset Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is Disable.
URL URL Basic Settings Webs URL Filtering Add a URL filter URL	Number Delete Selected Delete All Reset Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is Disable. Enter the IP address or URL to restrict the improper content access.
URL Basic Settings Webs URL Filtering Add a URL filter URL Current Webs URL F	Number Delete Selected Delete All Reset Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is Disable. Enter the IP address or URL to restrict the improper content access. ilters
URL Basic Settings Webs URL Filtering Add a URL filter URL Current Webs URL F URL	Number Delete Selected Delete All Reset Select Disable or Enable from the pull-down menu. Default setting is Disable. Enter the IP address or URL to restrict the improper content access. ilters Here shows the URL information that added in the URL filter list.

MAC Filtering

MAC Filtering Settings

You may setup firewall rules to protect your network from virus, worm and malicious activity on the Internet.

Basic Settings		
MAC Filtering		Disable 👻
	Apply]
MAC Filter Settings		
Mac address		
	(The maximum rule	e count is 32)
	Add Re	eset
Current MAC rules in	n system	
Ma	ic address	Number
	Delete Selected	Delete All Reset
Basic Settings		
MAC Filtering	Select Enable or Dis is Disable.	able from the pull-down list. Default setting

MAC Filtering	select Enable or Disable from the pull-down list. Default setting is Disable.		
MAC Filter Settings			
MAC Address	Enter the client MAC address that user would like to disconnect.		
Current MAC rules in system			
MAC Address	Here shows the MAC address that added in the filter list.		
Number	Here shows the number that MAC address listed. The maximum		
	rule count is 32.		

IP Filtering

IP Filtering Settings

You may setup firewall rules to protect your network from virus, worm and malicious activity on the Internet.

Basic Settings			
IP Filtering	Disable 😽		
	Apply		
IP Filter Settings			
Dest IP Address			
Source IP Address			
	(The maximum rule count is 32.)		
	Apply Reset		
Current IP filtering rule	s in system		
Dest IP Address	s Source IP Address Number		
D	elete Selected Delete All Reset		
Basic Settings			
IP Filtering	Select Enable or Disable from the pull-down list. Default setting is Disable.		
IP Filter Settings			
Dest IP Address	Enter the local server's IP address.		
Source IP Address	Enter the source IP address.		
Current IP filtering rules	in system		
Dest IP Address	Here shows the Dest IP address that added in the filter list.		
Source IP Address	Here shows the Source IP address that added in the filter list.		
Number	Here shows the number that IP address listed. The maximum rule count is 32.		

Virtual Server

Virtual Server Settings

You may setup Virtual Servers to provide services on Internet.

Disable 💌
-
TCP&UDP 🐱
mum rule count is 32.)
pply Reset
and the same party and the

Current Virtual Servers in system				
No.	IP Address	Port Range	Protocol	Comment
1 🔲	192.168.1.1	80 - 80	UDP	

Delete Selected	Reset
-----------------	-------

Virtual Server Settings			
Virtual Server Settings	Select Enable or Disable from the pull-down menu.		
IP Address	Enter the local server's IP address.		
Port Range	For TCP and UDP services enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.		
Protocol	Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP&UDP) used to the remote system or service.		
Comment	Please key in a description for the IP address.		
Current Virtual Servers in system			
No. IP address Port range Protocol	Here shows the IP address, Port range, Protocol information that added in the list. The maximum rule count is 32.		

Administration

Management

System Management

You may configure administrator account and password, NTP settings, and Dynamic DNS settings here.

Adminstrator Settings		
Account	admin	
Password		
	Apply Cance	el
NTP Settings		
Current Time	Sat Jan 1 10:37:00 GMT 200	Sync with host
Time Zone	(GMT+08:00) Taipei	~
	time.stdtime.gov.tw	
NTP Server	ex: time.nist.gov ntp0.broad.mit.edu time.stdtime.gov.tw	
NTP Synchronization	1 (hours)	
[Apply	
Green AP		51
Green AP Dur	ation	Action
Green AP Dur	ation	Action Disable
Green AP Dur 00 - : 00 00 - : 00	ation - 00 - : 00 -	Action Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 😪 : 00 😪 - 00 😪 : 00 😪 -	ation - 00 - : 00	Action Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 •• : 00 •• - 00 •• : 00 •• - 00 •• : 00 •• -	ation - 00 - : 00 00 - : 00 00 - : 00 -	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 •• : 00 •• - 00 •• : 00 •• - 00 •• : 00 •• -	ation - 00 : 00 : - 00	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 •• : 00 •• - 00 •• : 00 •• - 00 •• : 00 •• -	ation - 00 : 00 · · 00 · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 🖌 : 00 🖌 - 00 🐼 : 00 🖌 - 00 🐼 : 00 🖌 - 00 🐼 : 00 🖌 -	ation - 00 : 00 · · · 00 · ·	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 v : 00 v - 00	ation - 00 : 00 · 00 · 00 · 00 · 00 · 00 · 00	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 v : 00 v - 00	ation - 00 : 00 : 00 - 00 - 00 : 00 - 00 - 00	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 v : 00 v - 00	ation - 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00	Action Disable Disable Disable Disable
Green AP Dur 00 2 : 00 2 00 2	ation - 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00	Action Disable Disable Disable

Administrator Settings			
Account	Key in a new login user name in the blank field.		
Password	Maximum input is 36 alphanumeric characters (case-sensitive.)		
NTP Settings			
Current Time	Click Sync with host button to synchronize the time with the host PC.		
Time Zone	Select the time zone area that you located from the pull-down list.		
NTP Server	Enter the Network Time Protocol Server here. Ex: time.nist.gov, ntp0.broad.mit.edu, or time.stdtime.gov.tw.		
NTP synchronization	The device will synchronize time with the server according to the hour(s) that entered.		
Green AP			
Duration	After the Action (WiFi TX power) be enabled, then the duration time can be set up. Set up a period of time to enable or disable the wireless TX function.		
Action	Select Disable, WiFi TX power OFF, WiFi TX power 25%, WiFi TX power 50%, or WiFi TX power 75% from the pull-down menu, to enable or disable the wireless TX function of the Wireless Router.		
DDNS Settings			
Dynamic DNS Provider	Select the DNS provider form the pull-down list. DNS provider is a company that provides access to the internet.		
Account	Enter your account that registered in DNS provider website.		
Password	Enter passwords that registered.		
DDNS	Apply for a Domain Name, and ensure it is allocated to you.		
Result	Here shows the DDNS status.		

Upload Firmware

Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade the system firmware to obtain new functionality.

Update Firmware		
Location Apply	Browse	
Update Firmware		
Location	Click the Browse button, find and open the firmware file (the browser will display to correct file path) then click Apply to upgrade the Wireles Router's firmware.	
	Notice! <u>Please DO NOT power OFF the Wireless Router</u> while upgrading firmware.	

Settings Management

Settings Management			
You might save system settings by exporting them to a configuration file, restore them by importing the file, or reset them to factory default.			
Export Settings			
Export Settings	Export		
Import Settings			
Import Settings file	location Browse		
	Import Settings Cancel		
Land Eastani Dafau			
Luad Factory Delad			
Load Default Settin	Load Default		
Export Settings			
Export	Click the Export button to save the current device settings to located computer.		
Import Settings			
Import Settings	Click the Browse button, find and open the settings file (the browser		
	to use the device settings that previous saved.		
Cancel	Click to discard the file that you selected form your located computer.		
Load Factory Default			
Load Default	Click to Load Default button to set the Wireless Router back to factory		
	default settings.		

Statistics

This page shows all system memory, WAN/LAN, all interfaces statistics.

Statistic

Take a look at the device statistics

Memory		
Memory Total	29004 kB	
Memory Left	11532 kB	
WAN/LAN		
WAN Rx Packets	241679	
WAN Rx Bytes	112637046	
WAN Tx Packets	141481	
WAN Tx Bytes	122235786	
LAN Rx Packets	142532	
LAN Rx Bytes	120228198	
LAN Tx Packets	141364	
LAN Tx Bytes	109299907	

System Log

Here shows the system log file information. Click **Refresh** button to update system log file, or click **Clear** button to review the log file.

System Log	
The page will show the information of system.	
Refresh Clear	
System Log	
R	×

Reboot

Click the **Reboot** button to restart the Wireless Router.

System Reboot

The page will reboot system by user.

Reboot

Chapter 4: PC Configuration

Overview

For each PC, the following may need to be configured:

- TCP/IP network settings
- Internet Access configuration
- Wireless configuration

Windows Clients

- This section describes how to configure Windows clients for Internet access via the Wireless Router.
- The first step is to check the PC's TCP/IP settings.
- The Wireless Router uses the TCP/IP network protocol for all functions, so it is essential that the TCP/IP protocol be installed and configured on each PC.

TCP/IP Settings - Overview

If using default Wireless Router settings, and default Windows TCP/IP settings, no changes need to be made.

- By default, the Wireless Router will act as a DHCP Server, automatically providing a suitable IP Address (and related information) to each PC when the PC boots.
- For all non-Server versions of Windows, the default TCP/IP setting is to act as a DHCP client.

If using a Fixed (specified) IP address, the following changes are required:

- The *Gateway* must be set to the IP address of the Wireless Router.
- The *DNS* should be set to the address provided by your ISP.

Checking TCP/IP Settings - Windows 2000

- 1. Select Control Panel Network and Dial-up Connection.
- 2. Right click the *Local Area Connection* icon and select *Properties*. You should see a screen like the following:

Local Area Connection Properties ? 🗙
General
Connect using:
SMC EZ Card 10/100 (SMC1211TX)
Configure
Components checked are used by this connection:
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
Show icon in taskbar when connected
OK Cancel

- 3. Select the *TCP/IP* protocol for your network card.
- 4. Click on the *Properties* button. You should then see a screen like the following.

eneral	
You can get IP settings assigne his capability. Otherwise, you n he appropriate IP settings.	d automatically if your network supports eed to ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address auto	matically
O Use the following IP address	
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	· · · · ·
 Obtain DNS server addres 	s automatically
- O Use the following DNS se	rver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced

5. Ensure your TCP/IP settings are correct, as described below.

Using DHCP

- To use DHCP, select the radio button *Obtain an IP Address automatically*. This is the default Windows setting. Using this is recommended. By default, the Wireless Router will act as a DHCP Server.
- Restart your PC to ensure it obtains an IP Address from the Wireless Router.

Using a fixed IP Address ("Use the following IP Address")

If your PC is already configured, check with your network administrator before making the following changes.

• Enter the Wireless Router 's IP address in the *Default gateway* field and click *OK*. (Your LAN administrator can advise you of the IP Address they assigned to the Wireless Router.)

• If the *DNS Server* fields are empty, select *Use the following DNS server addresses*, and enters the DNS address or addresses provided by your ISP, then click *OK*.

Checking TCP/IP Settings - Windows XP

- 1. Select Control Panel Network Connection.
- 2. Right click the *Local Area Connection* and choose *Properties*. You should see a screen like the following:

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🕐	×
General Authentication Advanced	
Connect using:	
D-Link DFE-530TX PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter (rev.B)	1
Configure	
This connection uses the following items:	
 ✓ Internet for Microsoft Networks ✓ Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) 	
Install Uninstall Properties	
Description	
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	
Show icon in notification area when connected	
OK Cancel	

- 3. Select the *TCP/IP* protocol for your network card.
- 4. Click on the *Properties* button. You should then see a screen like the following.

eneral Alternate	Configuration				
'ou can get IP se nis capability. Oth ne appropriate IP	ttings assigned herwise, you ne settings.	d automatica ed to ask yo	lly if your ur netwo	network sup ork administr	oports ator for
⊙ <u>O</u> btain an IF	address autor	natically			
OUse the follo	wing IP addres	:s:			
IP address:					
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:					
<u>D</u> efault gatewa	y:				
⊙ O <u>b</u> tain DNS	server address	automatical	ly		
OUse the follo	wing DNS serv	ver addresse	s:		
Preferred DNS	server:				
<u>A</u> lternate DNS	server:				
				Adva	nced

5. Ensure your TCP/IP settings are correct.

Using DHCP

- To use DHCP, select the radio button *Obtain an IP Address automatically*. This is the default Windows setting. Using this is recommended. By default, the Wireless Router will act as a DHCP Server.
- Restart your PC to ensure it obtains an IP Address from the Wireless Router.

Using a fixed IP Address ("Use the following IP Address")

If your PC is already configured, check with your network administrator before making the following changes.

- In the *Default gateway* field, enter the Wireless Router 's IP address and click *OK*. Your LAN administrator can advise you of the IP Address they assigned to the Wireless Router.
- If the *DNS Server* fields are empty, select *Use the following DNS server addresses*, and enters the DNS address or addresses provided by your ISP, then click *OK*.

Internet Access

To configure your PCs to use the Wireless Router for Internet access:

- Ensure that the ADSL modem, DSL modem, Cable modem, or other permanent connection is functional.
- Use the following procedure to configure your Browser to access the Internet via the LAN, rather than by a Dial-up connection.

For Windows 2000

- 1. Select Start Menu Settings Control Panel Internet Options.
- 2. Select the Connection tab, and click the Setup button.
- 3. Select "I want to set up my Internet connection manually, or I want to connect through a local area network (LAN)" and click *Next*.
- 4. Select "I connect through a local area network (LAN)" and click *Next*.
- 5. Ensure all of the boxes on the following Local area network Internet Configuration screen are unchecked.
- 6. Check the "No" option when prompted "Do you want to set up an Internet mail account now?"
- 7. Click *Finish* to close the Internet Connection Wizard. Setup is now completed.

For Windows XP

- 1. Select Start Menu Control Panel Network and Internet Connections.
- 2. Select Set up or change your Internet Connection.
- 3. Select the *Connection* tab, and click the *Setup* button.
- 4. Cancel the pop-up "Location Information" screen.
- 5. Click *Next* on the "New Connection Wizard" screen.
- 6. Select "Connect to the Internet" and click Next.
- 7. Select "Set up my connection manually" and click *Next*.
- 8. Check "Connect using a broadband connection that is always on" and click Next.
- 9. Click Finish to close the New Connection Wizard. Setup is now completed.

Accessing AOL

To access AOL (America On Line) through the Wireless Router, the *AOL for Windows* software must be configured to use TCP/IP network access, rather than a dial-up connection. The configuration process is as follows:

- 1. Start the *AOL for Windows* communication software. Ensure that it is Version 2.5, 3.0 or later. This procedure will not work with earlier versions.
- 2. Click the *Setup* button.
- 3. Select *Create Location*, and change the location name from "New Locality" to " Wireless Router ".
- 4. Click *Edit Location*. Select *TCP/IP* for the *Network* field. (Leave the *Phone Number* blank.)
- 5. Click *Save*, then *OK*.
- 6. Configuration is now complete.
- 7. Before clicking "Sign On", always ensure that you are using the "Wireless Router " location.

Macintosh Clients

From your Macintosh, you can access the Internet via the Wireless Router. The procedure is as follows. 1. Open the TCP/IP Control Panel.

- 2. Select *Ethernet* from the *Connect via* pop-up menu.
- 3. Select *Using DHCP Server* from the *Configure* pop-up menu. The DHCP Client ID field can be left blank.
- 4. Close the TCP/IP panel, saving your settings.

Note:

If using manually assigned IP addresses instead of DHCP, the required changes are:

- Set the *Router Address* field to the Wireless Router 's IP Address.
- Ensure your DNS settings are correct.

Linux Clients

To access the Internet via the Wireless Router, it is only necessary to set the Wireless Router as the "Gateway".

Ensure you are logged in as "root" before attempting any changes.

Fixed IP Address

By default, most Unix installations use a fixed IP Address. If you wish to continue using a fixed IP Address, make the following changes to your configuration.

- Set your "Default Gateway" to the IP Address of the Wireless Router.
- Ensure your DNS (Domain Name server) settings are correct.

To act as a DHCP Client (Recommended)

The procedure below may vary according to your version of Linux and X -windows shell.

- 1. Start your X Windows client.
- 2. Select Control Panel Network.
- 3. Select the "Interface" entry for your Network card. Normally, this will be called "eth0".
- 4. Click the *Edit* button, set the "protocol" to "DHCP", and save this data.
- 5. To apply your changes:
 - Use the "Deactivate" and "Activate" buttons, if available.

• OR, restart your system.

Other Unix Systems

To access the Internet via the Wireless Router:

- Ensure the "Gateway" field for your network card is set to the IP Address of the Wireless Router.
- Ensure your DNS (Name Server) settings are correct.

Wireless Station Configuration

• This section applies to all wireless stations wishing to use the Wireless Router 's access point, regardless of the operating system that is used on the client.

Mode	The mode must be set to Infrastructure.	
SSID (ESSID)	The network name must match the value used on the Wireless Router. <i>Note! The SSID is case sensitive.</i>	
Open System Shared Key	If there is no security is enabled on the Wireless Router, the security of each station should be disabled as well. And, you can connect the Wireless Router without security, but it is NOT recommended.	
AUTO(Open/Shared)	 By default, WEP on the Wireless Router is disabled. If WEP remains disabled on the Wireless Router, all stations must have WEP disabled. If WEP is enabled on the Wireless Router, each station must use the same settings as the Wireless Router. 	
WPA-PSK WPA2-PSK WPA-PSK WPA2-PSK	WPA-PSK (TKIP/AES)/ WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES)/ WPA-RADIUS (TKIP/AES)/ WPA2 -RADIUS (TKIP/AES): If one of these securities is enabled on the Wireless Router. To make a connection, each station must use the same algorithms and pass phrase as the Wireless Router.	
WPA WPA2 WPA WPA2 802.1x	RADIUS Server: RADIUS is an authentication, authorization and accounting client-server protocol. The client is a Network Access Server that desires to authenticate its links. The server is a server that has access to a user database with authentication information. Each station must set up the RADIUS Server's IP address, port and passwords that provided by your ISP.	

• To use the Wireless Router, each wireless station must have compatible settings, as following:

Note: By default, the Wireless Router will allow 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n connections.



Appendix A: Troubleshooting

Overview

This chapter covers some common problems that may be encountered while using the Wireless Router and some possible solutions to them. If you follow the suggested steps and the Wireless Router still does not function properly, contact your dealer for further advice.

General Problems

Problem 1:	Can't connect to the Wireless Router to configure it.
Solution 1:	Check the following:
	• Check the Wireless Router is properly installed, LAN connections are OK, and it is powered ON.
	• Ensure that your PC and the Wireless Router are on the same network segment.
	• If your PC is set to "Obtain an IP Address automatically" (DHCP client), please restart it.
	 If your PC uses a Fixed (Static) IP address, ensure that it is using an IP Address within the range 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254 and thus compatible with the Wireless Router's default IP Address of 192.168.1.1. Also, the Network Mask should be set to 255.255.255.0 to match the Wireless Router. In Windows, you can check these settings by using <i>Control Panel-Network</i> to check the <i>Properties</i> for the TCP/IP protocol.

Internet Access

Problem 1:	When I enter a URL or IP address I get a time out error.
Solution 1:	A number of things could be causing this. Try the following troubleshooting steps.
	• Check if other PCs work. If they do, ensure that your PCs IP settings are correct. If using a Fixed (Static) IP Address, check the Network Mask, Default gateway and DNS as well as the IP Address.
	• If the PCs are configured correctly, but still not working, check the Wireless Router. Ensure that it is connected and ON. Connect to it and check its settings. (If you can't connect to it, check the LAN and power connections.)

	• If the Wireless Router is configured correctly, check your Internet connection (DSL/Cable modem etc) to see that it is working correctly.
Problem 2:	Some applications do not run properly when using the Wireless Router.
Solution 2:	The Wireless Router processes the data passing through it, so it is not transparent.
	Use the <i>Content Filter Settings</i> feature to allow the use of Internet applications, which do not function correctly.
	If this does solve the problem you can use the <i>DMZ</i> function. This should work with almost every application, but:
	• It is a security risk, since the firewall is disabled.
	• Only one (1) PC can use this feature.

Wireless Access

Problem 1:	My PC can't locate the Wireless Router.
Solution 1:	Check the following:
	• Your PC is set to <i>Infrastructure Mode</i> . (Access Points are always in <i>Infrastructure Mode</i>)
	• The SSID on your PC and the Wireless Router are the same. Remember that the SSID is case-sensitive. So, for example " <u>W</u> orkgroup" does NOT match " <u>w</u> orkgroup."
	• Both your PC and the Wireless Router must have the same setting for security. The default setting for the Wireless Router security is disabled, so your wireless station should also have security disabled.
	• If security is enabled on the Wireless Router, your PC must have security enabled, and the key must be matched.
	• To see if radio interference is causing a problem, see if connection is possible when close to the Wireless Router. Remember that the connection range can be as little as 100 feet in poor environments.
Problem 2:	Wireless connection speed is very slow.
Solution 2:	The wireless system will connect at the highest possible speed, depending on the distance and the environment. To obtain the highest possible connection speed, you can experiment with the following:
	• Wireless Router location Try adjusting the location and orientation of the Wireless Router.
	• Wireless Channel If interference is the problem, changing to another channel may show a marked improvement.
	• Radio Interference Other devices may be causing interference. You can experiment by switching other devices off, and see if this helps. Any "noisy" devices should be shielded or relocated.

stations. This will mean high access speed is only possible when close to the Wireless Router.	
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Appendix B: About Wireless LANs





BSS

A group of Wireless Stations and a single Access Point, all using the same ID (SSID), form a Basic Service Set (BSS).

Using the same SSID is essential. Devices with different SSIDs are unable to communicate with each other.

Channels

The Wireless Channel sets the radio frequency used for communication.

- Access Points use a fixed Channel. You can select the Channel used. This allows you to choose a Channel which provides the least interference and best performance. In the USA and Canada, 11 channel are available. If using multiple Access Points, it is better if adjacent Access Points use different Channels to reduce interference.
- In "Infrastructure" mode, Wireless Stations normally scan all Channels, looking for an Access Point. If more than one Access Point can be used, the one with the strongest signal is used. (This can only happen within an ESS.)

Note to US model owner: To comply with US FCC regulation, the country selection function has been completely removed from all US models. The above function is for non-US models only.

Security WEP

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a standard for encrypting data before it is transmitted. This is desirable because it is impossible to prevent snoopers from receiving any data which is transmitted by your Wireless Stations. But if the data is encrypted, then it is meaningless unless the receiver can decrypt it.

If WEP is used, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must have the same security settings for each of the following:

WEP	64 Bits, 128 Bits.
Key	For 64 Bits encryption, the Key value must match. For 128 Bits encryption, the Key value must match.
WEP Authentication	Open System or Shared Key.

WPA/WPA2

WPA/WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access) is more secure than WEP. It uses a "Shared Key" which allows the encryption keys to be regenerated at a specified interval. There are several encryption options: **TKIP, AES, TKIP-AES** and additional setup for **RADIUS** is required in this method. The most important features beyond WPA to become standardized through 802.11i/WPA2 are: pre-authentication, which enables secure fast roaming without noticeable signal latency.

If WPA or WPA2 is used, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must have the same security settings.

WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK

WPA/WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access using Pre-Shared Key) is recommended for users who are not using a RADIUS server in a home environment and all their clients support WPA/WPA2. This method provides a better security.

If WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK is used, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must have the same security settings.

Encryption	WEP Key 1~4	Passphrase
TKIP	NOT REQUIRED	8-63 characters
AES		

802.1x

With **802.1x** authentication, a wireless PC can join any network and receive any messages that are not encrypted, however, additional setup for **RADIUS** to issue the WEP key dynamically will be required. RADIUS is an authentication, authorization, and accounting client-server protocol. The client is a Network Access Server that desires to authenticate its links. The server is a server that has access to a user database with authentication information.

Wireless LAN Configuration

To allow Wireless Stations to use the Access Point, the Wireless Stations and the Access Point must use the same settings, as follows:

Mode	The mode must be set to Infrastructure.	
SSID (ESSID)	The network name must match the value used on the Wireless Router. <i>Note! The SSID is case sensitive.</i>	
Open System Shared Key	If there is no security is enabled on the Wireless Router, the security of each station should be disabled as well. And, you can connect the Wireless Router without security, but it is NOT recommended.	
AUTO(Open/Shared)	 By default, WEP on the Wireless Router is disabled. If WEP remains disabled on the Wireless Router, all stations must have WEP disabled. If WEP is enabled on the Wireless Router, each station must use the same settings as the Wireless Router. 	
WPA-PSK WPA2-PSK	WPA-PSK (TKIP/AES)/ WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES: If one of these	

WPA-PSK WPA2-PSK	securities is enabled on the Wireless Router. To make a connection, each station must use the same algorithms and pass phrase as the Wireless Router.
WPA WPA2 WPA WPA2 802.1x	RADIUS Server: RADIUS is an authentication, authorization and accounting client-server protocol. The client is a Network Access Server that desires to authenticate its links. The server is a server that has access to a user database with authentication information. Each station must set up the RADIUS Server's IP address, port and passwords that provided by your ISP.